

Please reference OMB Control Number 0608–0053 in the subject line of your comments. Do not submit Confidential Business Information or otherwise sensitive or protected information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or specific questions related to collection activities should be directed to Kirsten Brew, Chief, Multinational Operations Branch, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce; via email at Kirsten.Brew@bea.gov or by phone at 301–278–9152.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

The Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad (BE–11) obtains sample data on the financial structure and operations of U.S. parents and their foreign affiliates. The data are needed to provide reliable, useful, and timely measures of U.S. direct investment abroad to assess its impact on the U.S. and foreign economies. The sample data are used to derive universe estimates in nonbenchmark years from similar data reported in the BE–10, Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, which is conducted every five years. The data collected include balance sheets; income statements; property, plant, and equipment; employment and employee compensation; merchandise trade; sales of goods and services; taxes; and research and development activity.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) proposes the following changes to the BE–11 survey to align its international survey program with available resources:

Discontinue collection of minority-owned foreign affiliates. This change would eliminate the annual filing requirement for minority-owned foreign affiliates that were required to report on the BE–11C or BE–11D forms. A foreign affiliate is minority owned if the combined direct and indirect voting ownership interests (or the equivalent) of the U.S. parent(s) are at least 10 percent, but not more than 50 percent. The BE–11C form was required to be reported for minority-owned foreign affiliates whose assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) exceed \$60 million. In addition, minority-owned foreign affiliates that are newly established or acquired during the fiscal year that meet the BE–11D form filing thresholds (total assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) of more than \$25 million but for which none of these exceed \$60 million at the end of the affiliate’s fiscal year) would no longer be required to report.

II. Method of Collection

BEA contacts potential respondents by mail in March of each year;

responses covering a reporting company’s fiscal year ending during the previous calendar year are due by May 31. Reports are required from each U.S. person that has a direct and/or indirect ownership interest exceeding 50 percent of the voting stock in an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise, and that meets the additional conditions detailed in the BE–11 forms and instructions. Entities required to report will be contacted individually by BEA. Entities not contacted by BEA have no reporting responsibilities.

BEA offers electronic filing through its eFile system for use in reporting on the BE–11 annual survey forms. In addition, BEA posts all its survey forms and reporting instructions on its website (www.bea.gov/dia). These may be downloaded, completed, printed, and submitted via fax or mail.

Potential respondents of the BE–11 are selected from those U.S. parents that reported owning foreign business enterprises in the 2024 BE–10, Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, along with entities that subsequently entered the direct investment universe. The BE–11 is a sample survey; universe estimates are developed from the reported sample data.

III. Data

OMB Control Number: 0608–0053.

Form Number: BE–11.

Type of Review: Reinstatement with change of a previously approved collection.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit organizations.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 3,000 respondents (U.S. parents). A complete response includes a BE–11 A form for the U.S. parent’s domestic operation and one or more BE–11 B or D forms for its foreign affiliates that meet the BE–11 survey requirements. BEA estimates that U.S. parents will submit 3,000 A forms, 22,000 B forms, 130 D forms, and 500 Claim for Exemption forms.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 285,630 hours. Total annual burden is calculated by multiplying the estimated number of submissions of each form by the average hourly burden per form, which is 7 hours for the A form, 12 hours for the B form, 1 hour for the D form, and 1 hour for the Claim for Exemption form.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 95.2 hours per respondent (285,630 hours/3,000 U.S. parents) is the average but may vary considerably among respondents because of differences in

company structure, complexity, and the number of foreign affiliates each U.S. parent must report.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to Public: \$0.

Respondent’s Obligation: Mandatory.

Legal Authority: International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (Pub. L. 94–472, 22 U.S.C. 3101–3108, as amended).

IV. Request for Comments

We are soliciting public comments to permit the Department of Commerce/Bureau of Economic Analysis to: (a) Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the time and cost burden for this proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) Evaluate ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you may ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Sheleen Dumas,

Departmental PRA Compliance Officer, Office of the Under Secretary for Economic Affairs, Commerce Department.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

[Docket No. 250612–0097; XRIN: 0694–XC122]

Implementation of Duties on Steel Pursuant to Proclamation 10896 Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In the Proclamation of February 10, 2025, *Adjusting Imports of Steel into the United States* (Steel Presidential Proclamation), the President imposed specified rates of duty on imports of steel. That Proclamation authorized and directed the Secretary of Commerce to publish modifications to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) so that it conforms to the amendments and effective dates in the Proclamation. The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) published a notice, *Implementation of Duties on Steel Pursuant to Proclamation 10896 Adjusting Imports of Steel into the United States*, on behalf of the Secretary of Commerce on March 5, 2025, that fulfilled this directive. The revised HTSUS was set out in Annex 1 to the March 5 notice. In this notice, BIS revises Annex 1 to add additional steel derivative products.

DATES: *Steel derivatives added to the annex in this notice:* The duties set out in the annex for these additional steel derivatives are effective with respect to certain products that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. Eastern Time on June 23, 2025.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 10, 2025, the President issued the Steel Presidential Proclamation adjusting imports of steel into the United States (Proclamation 10896 of February 10, 2025) (90 FR 9817). The Steel Presidential Proclamation instructed the Secretary of Commerce in consultation with the Commissioner of United States Customs and Border Protection within the Department of Homeland Security, and the heads of other relevant executive departments and agencies, to revise the HTSUS so that it conforms to the amendments and effective dates directed in the Steel Presidential Proclamation. The Proclamation directed and authorized the Secretary of Commerce to publish any such modifications to the HTSUS in the **Federal Register**. BIS published such modifications in Annex 1 to the notice, *Implementation of Duties on Steel Pursuant to Proclamation 10896 Adjusting Imports of Steel into the United States*, on behalf of the Secretary of Commerce on March 5, 2025 (90 FR 11249). On June 3, 2025, the President issued Proclamation 10947, *Adjusting Imports of Aluminum and Steel into the*

United States, which adjusted the Section 232 tariff rates on aluminum and steel imports and (except for products of the United Kingdom) imposed an additional 25 percent *ad valorem* tariff to aluminum and steel imports and derivative aluminum and steel articles (90 FR 24199).

In this notice, BIS revises Annex 1 to add the following additional steel derivative products:

- (1) combined refrigerator-freezers under HTSUS subheading 8418.10.00;
- (2) small and large dryers under HTSUS subheadings 8451.21.00 and 8451.29.00;
- (3) washing machines under HTSUS subheadings 8450.11.00 and 8450.20.00;
- (4) dishwashers under HTSUS subheading 8422.11.00;
- (5) chest and upright freezers under HTSUS subheadings 8418.30.00 and 8418.40.00;
- (6) cooking stoves, ranges, and ovens under HTSUS subheading 8516.60.40;
- (7) food waste disposals under HTSUS subheading 8509.80.20; and
- (8) welded wire rack under statistical reporting number 9403.99.9020.

The tariff imposed under Proclamation 10896 will be assessed on these derivative products for the value of the steel content in each product.

All other tariff codes for steel and steel derivative products in Annex 1 remain unchanged.

Note that products classified under statistical reporting number 9403.99.9020 continue to be subject to tariffs under Proclamation 10895 as derivative products of aluminum for their aluminum content.

Julia Khersonsky,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Strategic Trade.

Annex 1

A. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 23, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 is modified:

- “1. Subdivision (n) of note 16 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTS is modified:
 - a. by inserting “: (1)” before the phrase “all imported derivative iron or steel products” in line 1 of the subdivision; and
 - b. by inserting the following phrase at the end of the sentence after “9406.90.01”:

“and (2) all imported derivative iron or steel products that are classified in the following subheadings of the HTSUS, including products admitted into a U.S. foreign trade zone under

“privileged foreign status” as defined by 19 CFR 146.41, prior to 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 23, 2025, unless the derivative iron or steel product was processed in another country from steel articles that were melted and poured in the United States: 8418.10.00; 8418.30.00; 8418.40.00; 8422.11.00; 8450.11.00; 8450.20.00; 8451.21.00; 8451.29.00; 8509.80.20; 8516.60.40; 9403.99.9020”.

“2. Subdivision (u) of note 16 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTS is modified:

- a. by inserting “: (1)” before the phrase “all imported derivative iron or steel products” in line 1 of the subdivision; and
- b. by inserting the following phrase at the end of the sentence after “9406.90.01”:

“and (2) all imported derivative iron or steel products that are classified in the following subheadings of the HTSUS, including products admitted into a U.S. foreign trade zone under “privileged foreign status” as defined by 19 CFR 146.41, prior to 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 23, 2025, unless the derivative iron or steel product was processed in another country from steel articles that were melted and poured in the United States: 8418.10.00; 8418.30.00; 8418.40.00; 8422.11.00; 8450.11.00; 8450.20.00; 8451.21.00; 8451.29.00; 8509.80.20; 8516.60.40; 9403.99.9020”.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–117]

Wood Mouldings and Millwork Products From the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Results and Rescission, in Part, of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023–2024

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that exporters subject to this review made sales of subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), February 1, 2023, through January 31, 2024. Further, Commerce is also rescinding this review with respect to 20 of the 38 companies/company groupings under review. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results of review.